

Kontinuitetsligningen:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0$$

Navier-Stokes ligning for x-aksen:

$$\rho \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right) = - \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \mu \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} \right)$$

# Building Simulations - CFD Examples

Navier-Stokes ligning for y-aksen:

$$\rho \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \right) = - \rho \beta g (T - T_0) - \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \mu \left( \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial z^2} \right)$$

Kjeld Svidt

Navier-Stokes ligning for z-aksen:

$$\rho \left( \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) = - \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + \mu \left( \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial z^2} \right)$$

Aalborg University

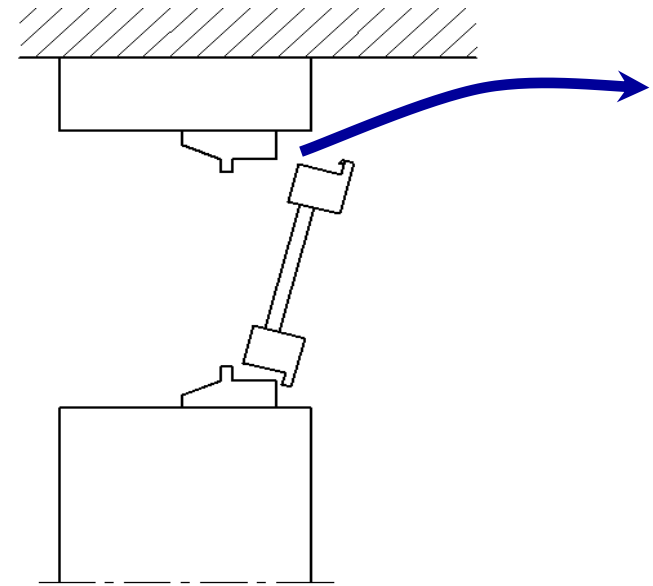
Energiligningen:

$$\rho c_p \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right) = \lambda \left( \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \right)$$



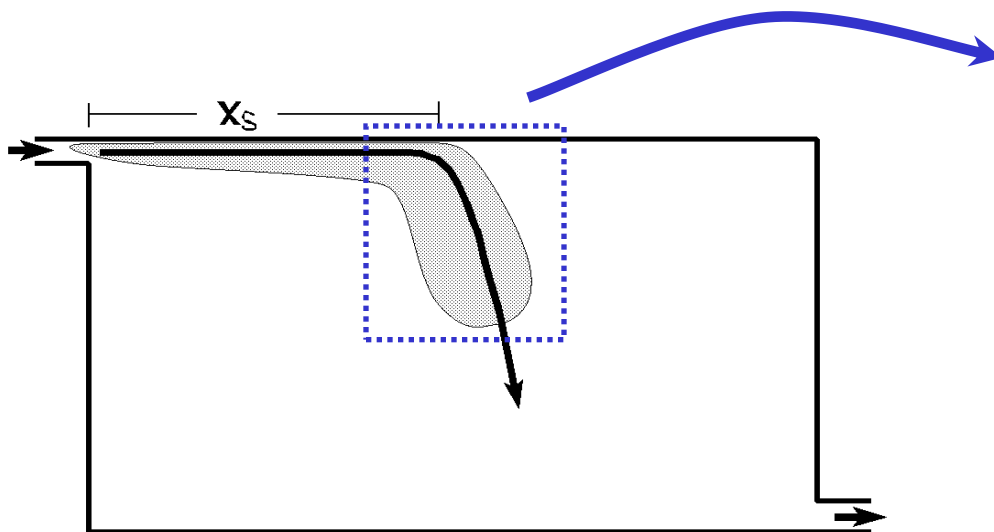
## Focus on attached ceiling jet

- Jet velocity characteristics described by velocity decay constant and virtual origin of jet (isothermal flow only)
- Penetration depth of cold jet attached to the ceiling
  - 10, 15 and 30 mm slot opening
  - $\Delta T$  approximately 10 and 20 °C
  - many pressure differences



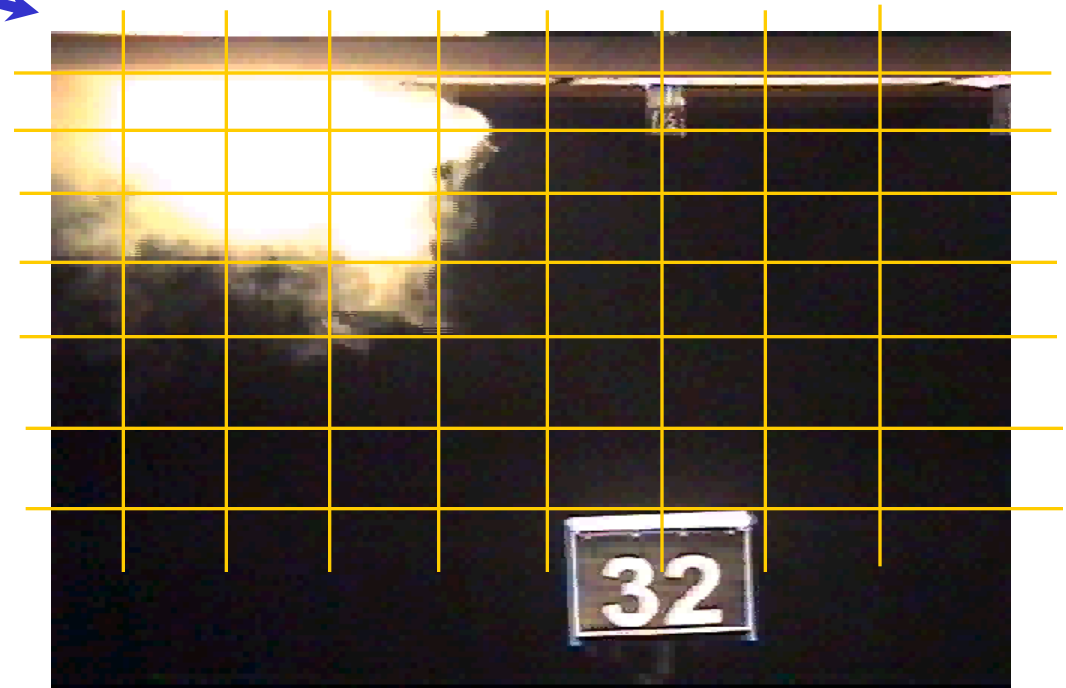
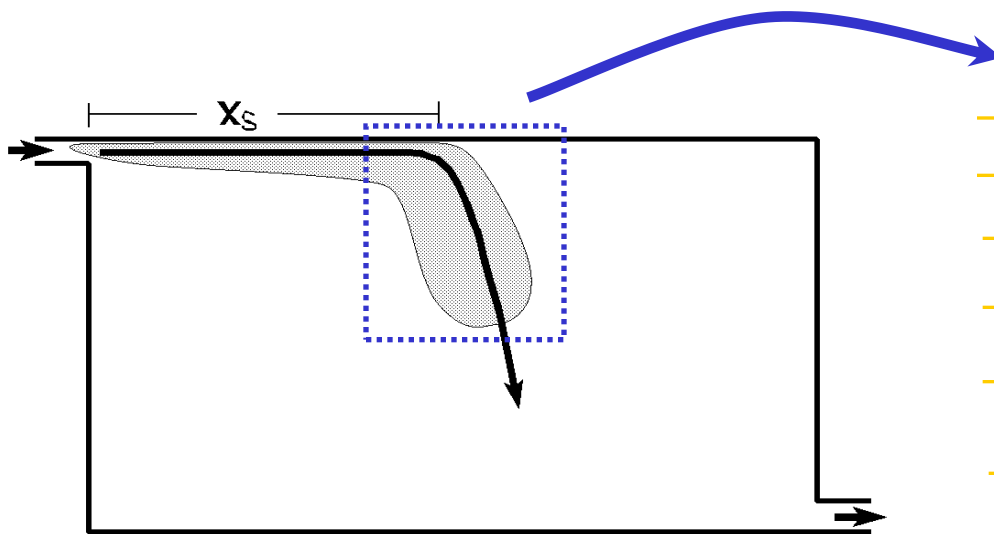
## Non-isothermal measurements

**Penetration depth:**  
55 experiments with different opening size, pressure difference and temperature difference

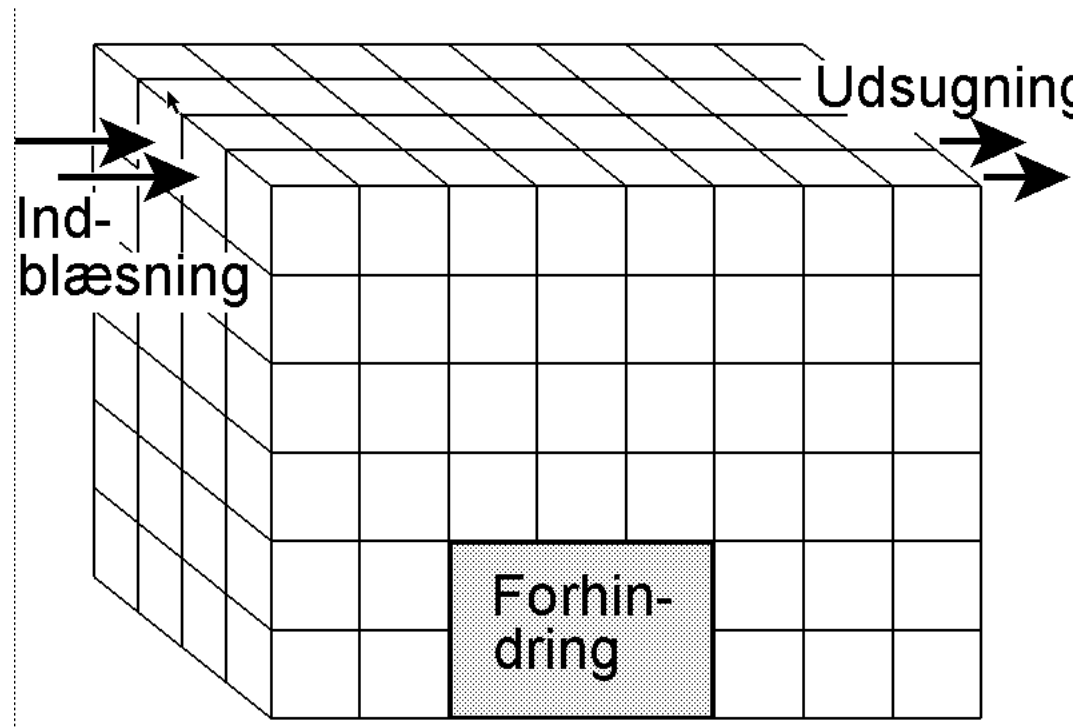


## Non-isothermal measurements

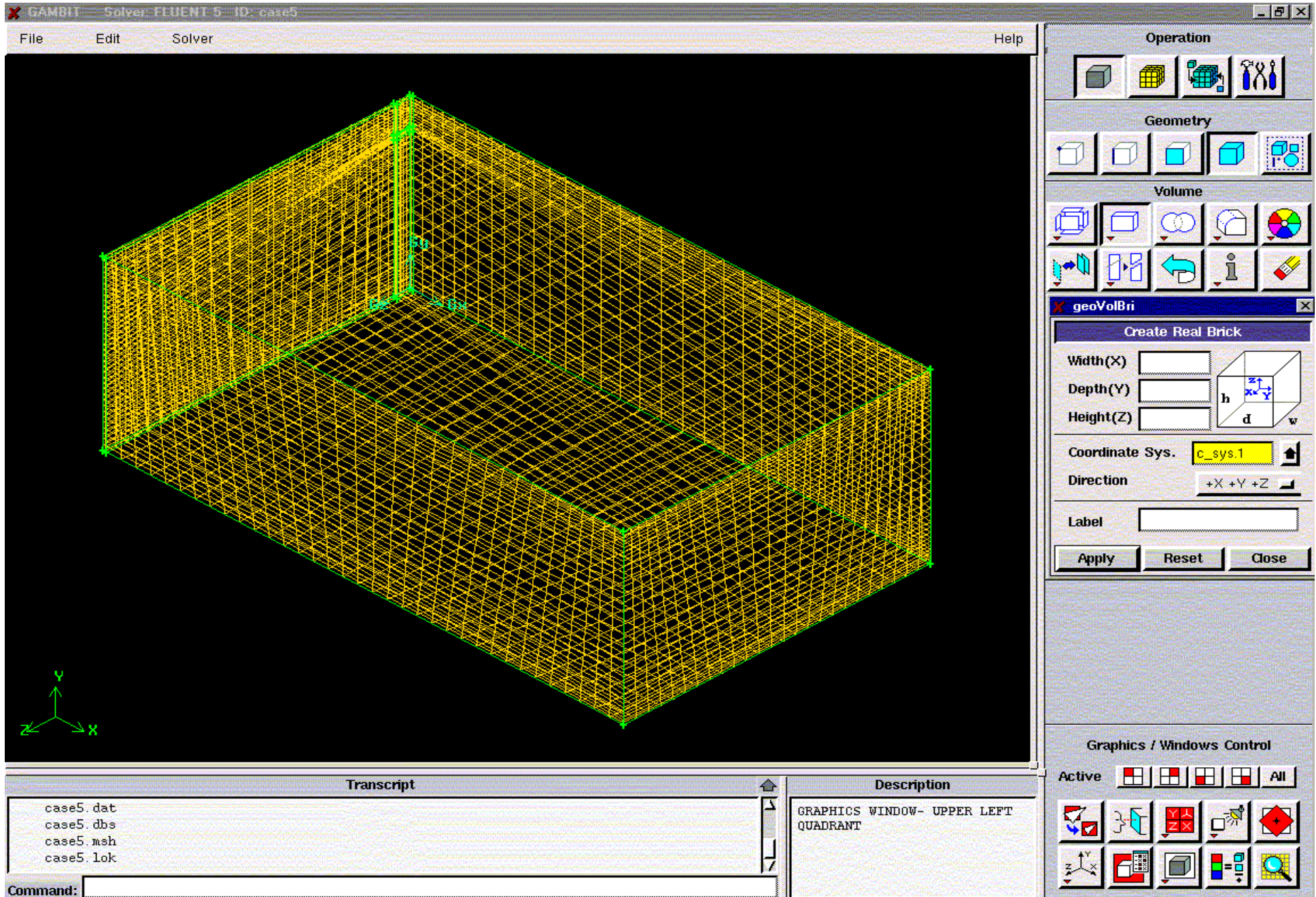
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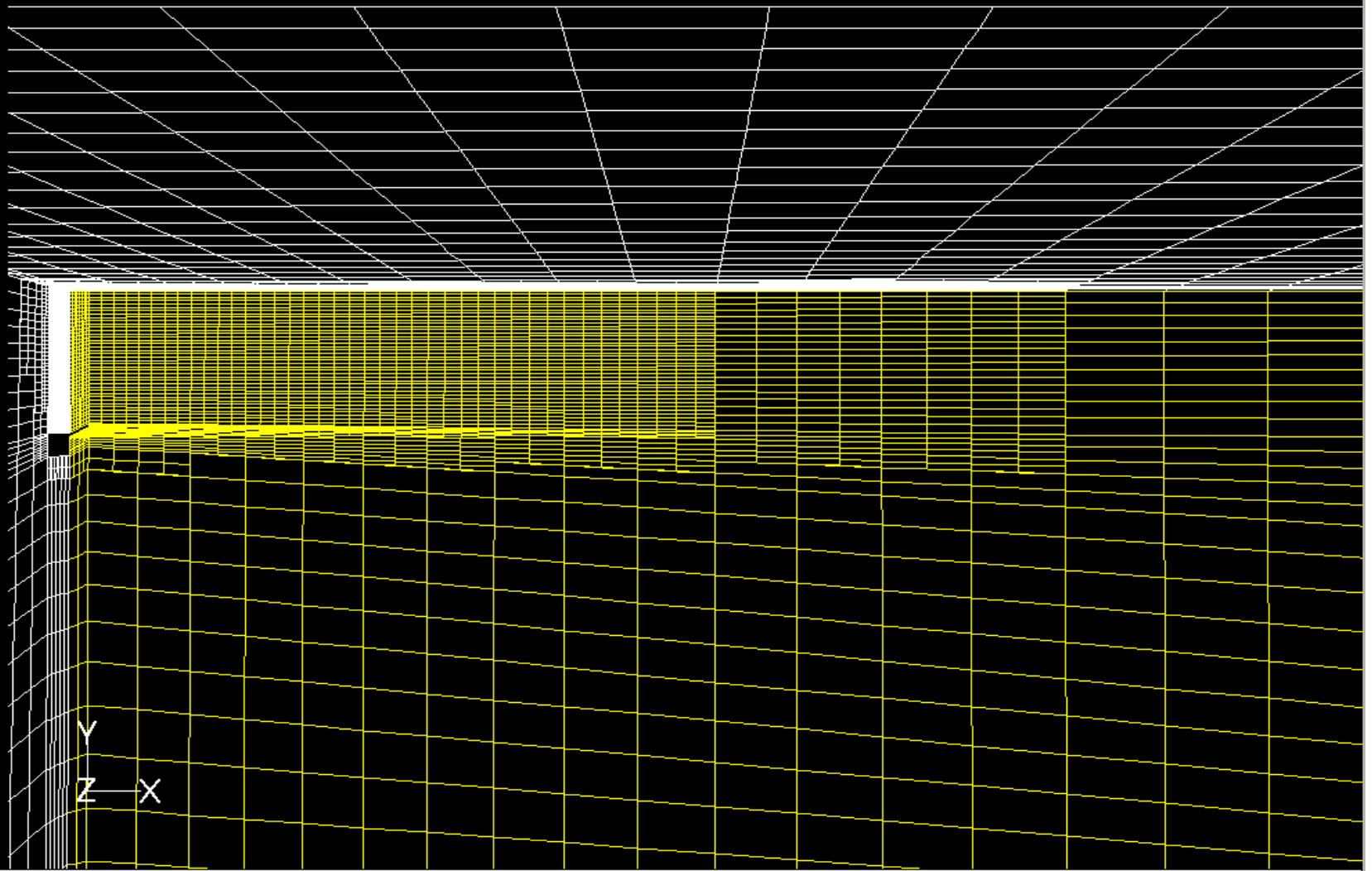


# Computerberegning af luftbevægelser





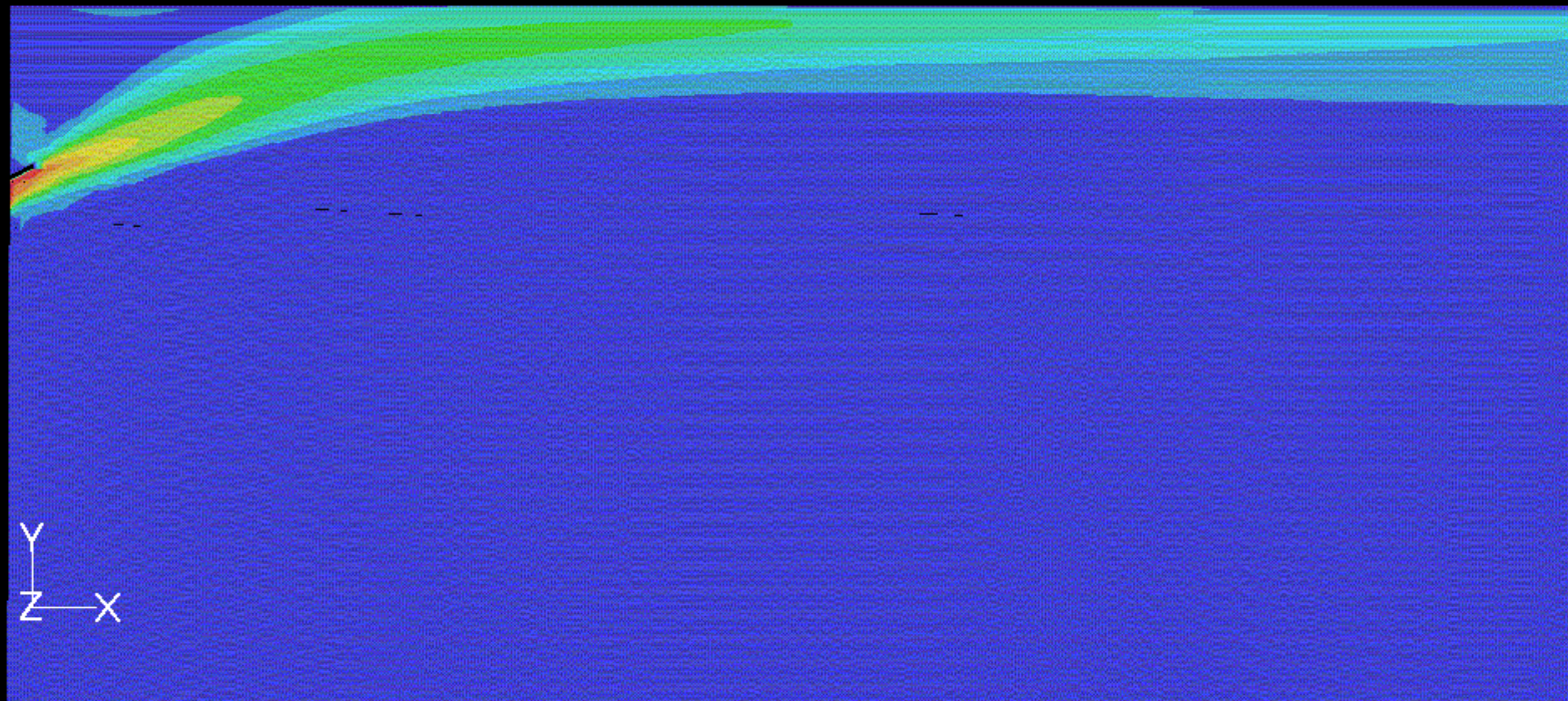
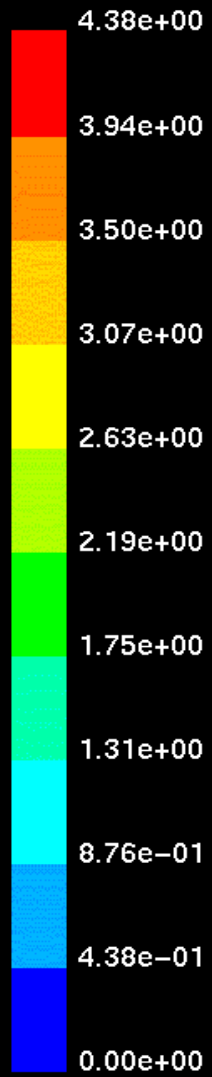




Grid

Aug 13, 1999  
FLUENT 5.0 (3d, segregated, ke)



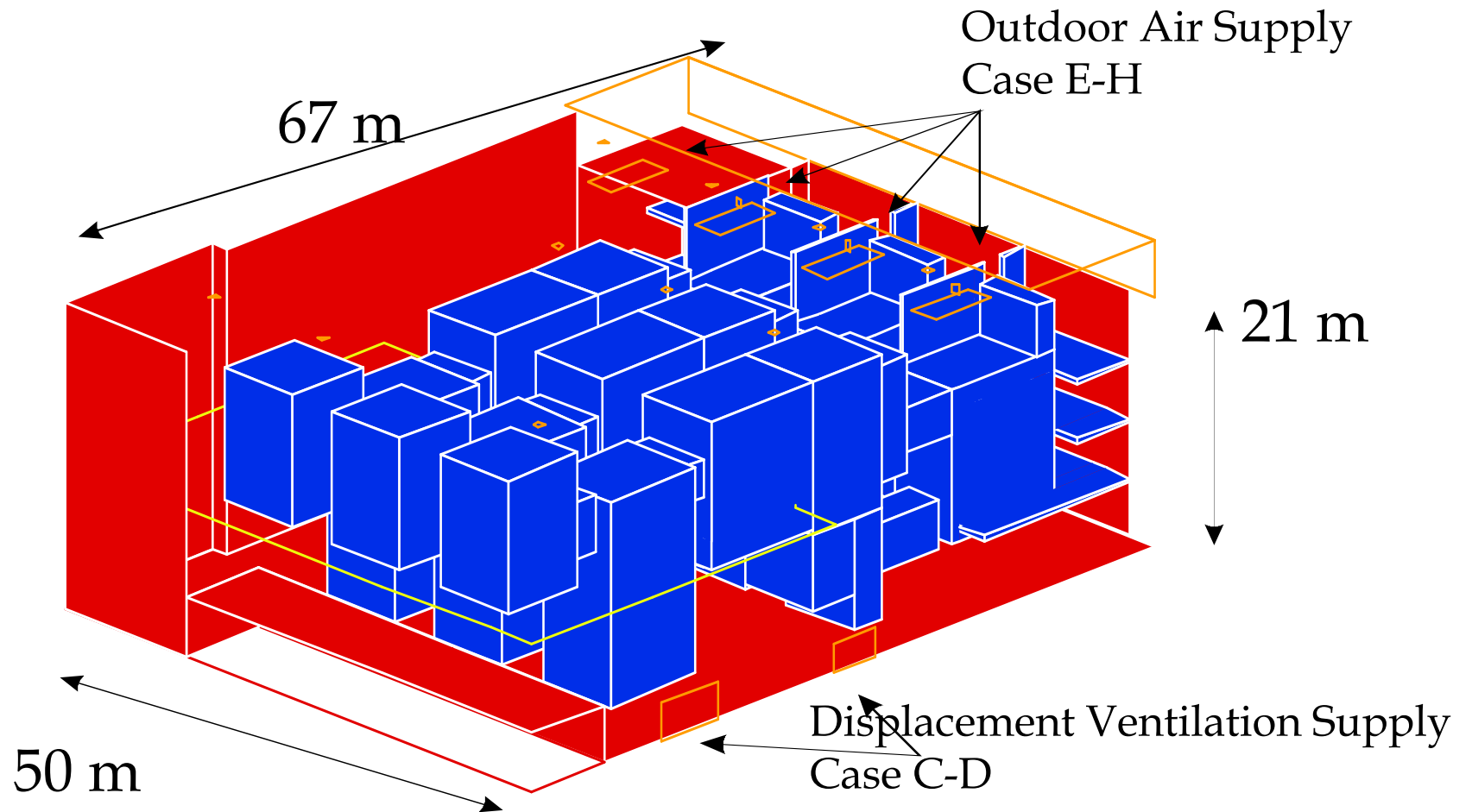


Contours of Velocity Magnitude (m/s)

Aug 13, 1999  
FLUENT 5.0 (3d, segregated, ke)

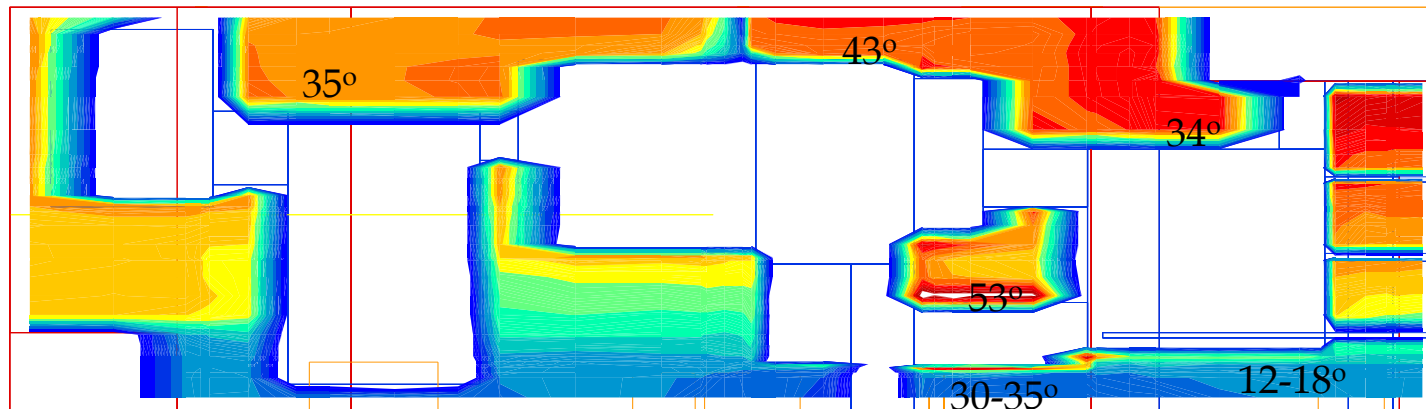


# CFD Model of Incineration Hall, Amagerforbrænding

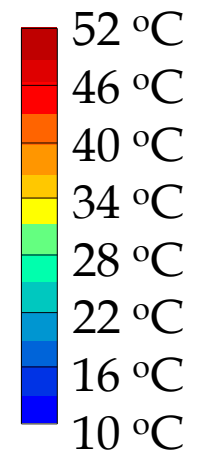


# Comparison between Calculated and Measured Results - Amagerforbrænding

## Vertical Plane at Incineration Line

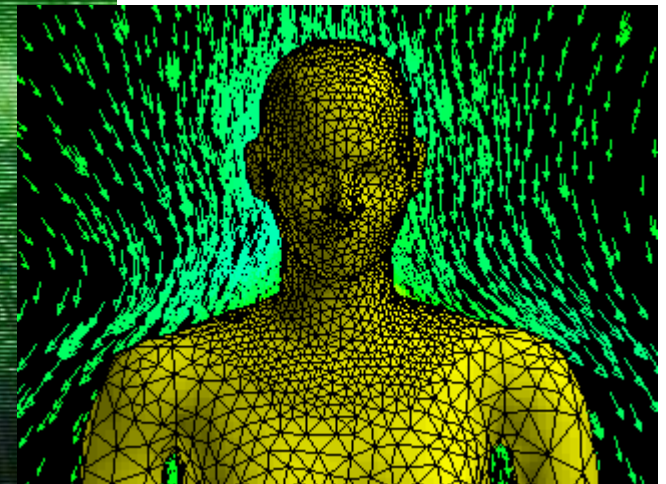


Fill  
Temperature



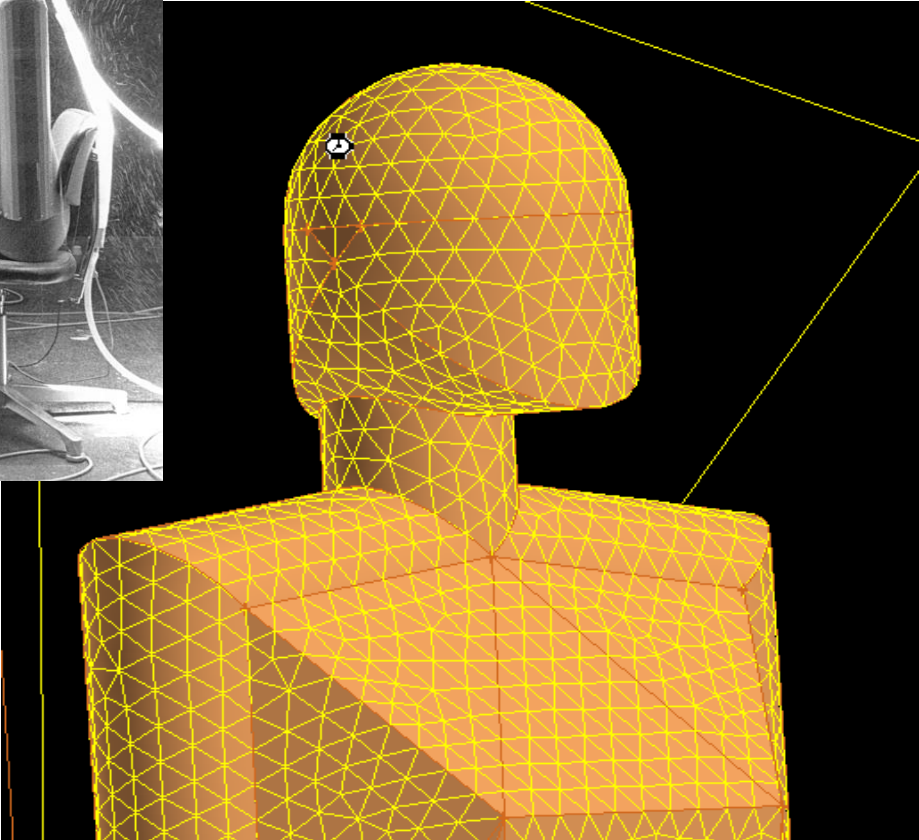
# Strømningsforhold

## - lokale strømninger omkring personer





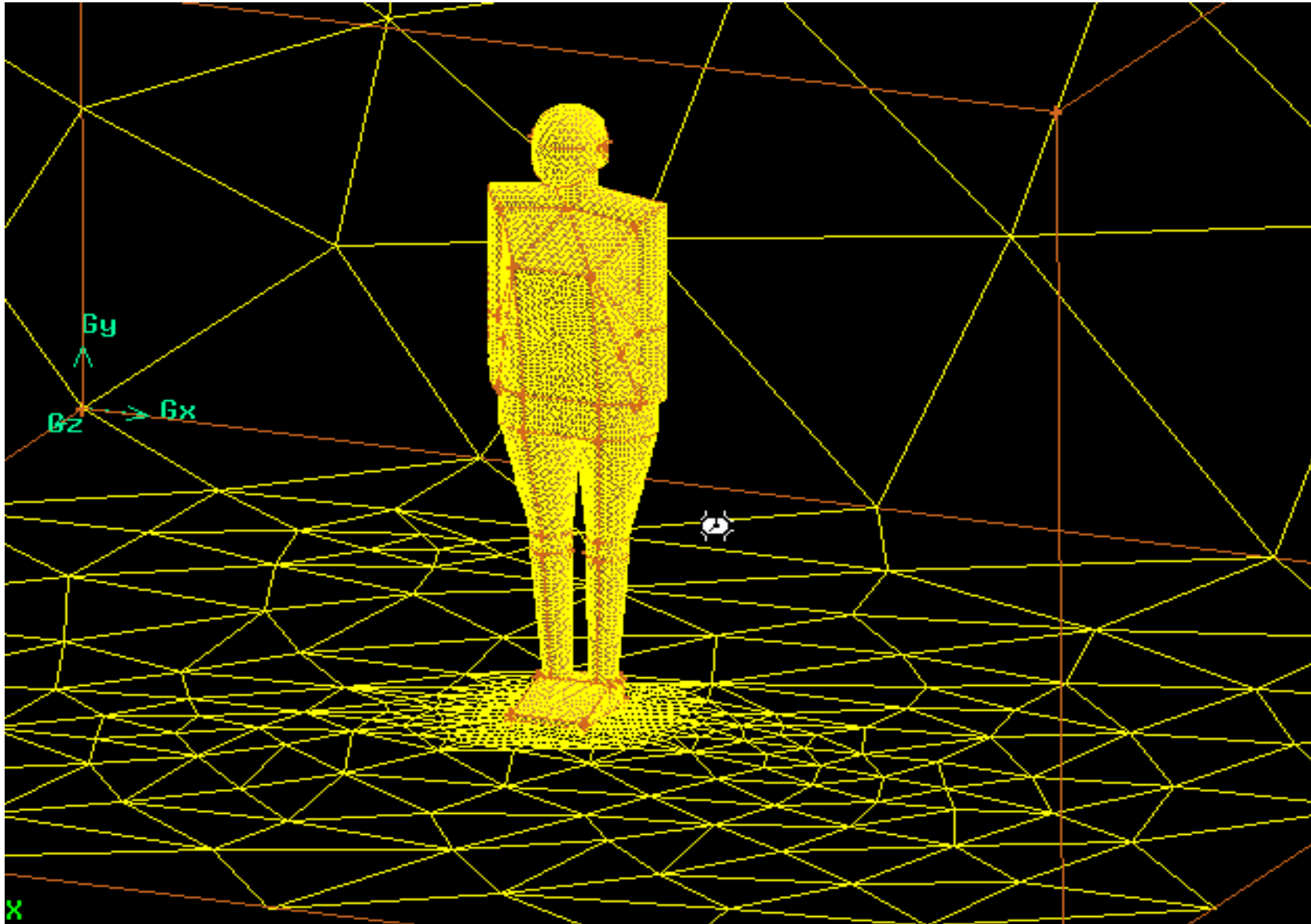
# Simulering af termiske mannequinner (1)



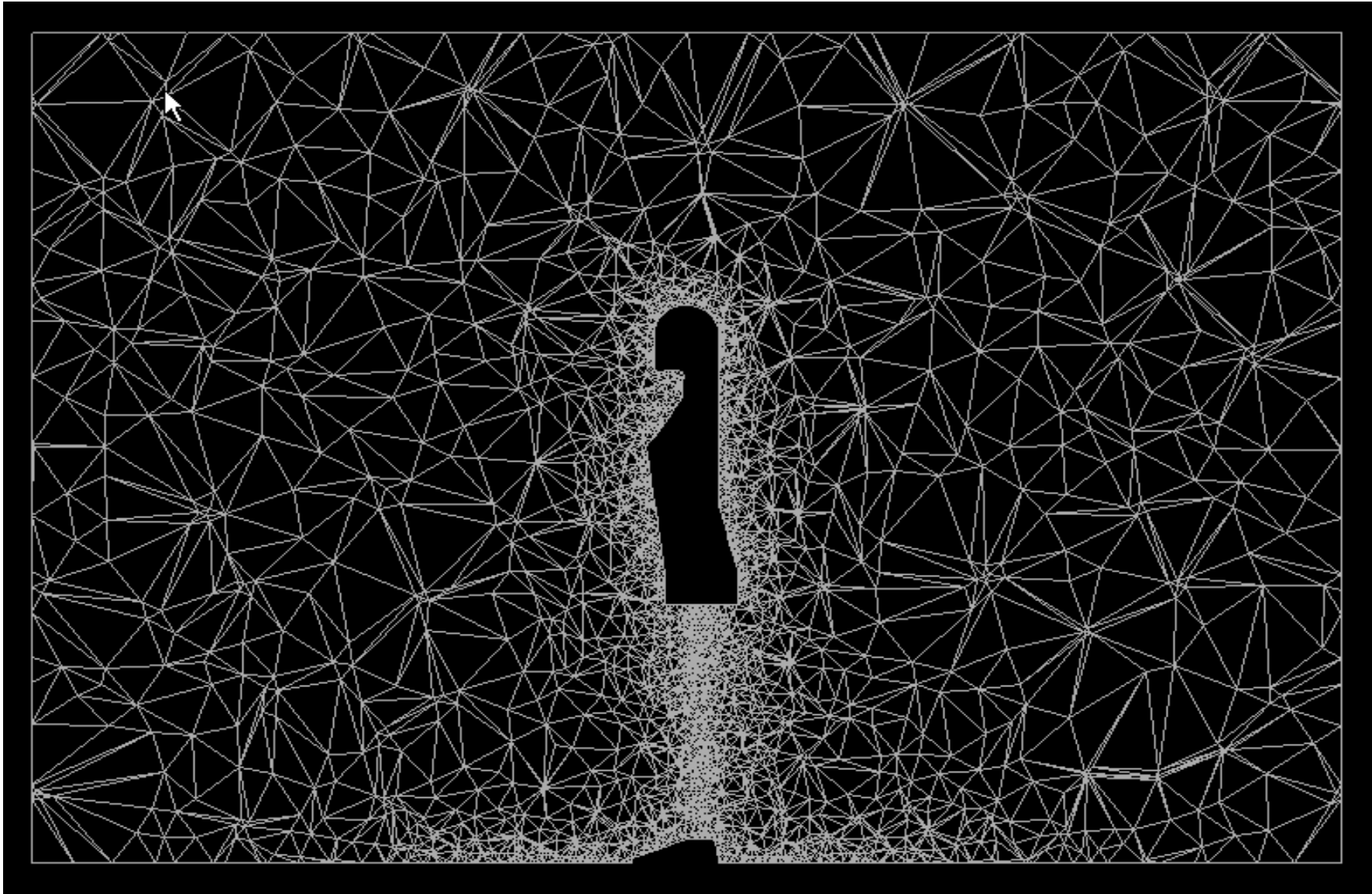
Kilde: Erik Bjørn



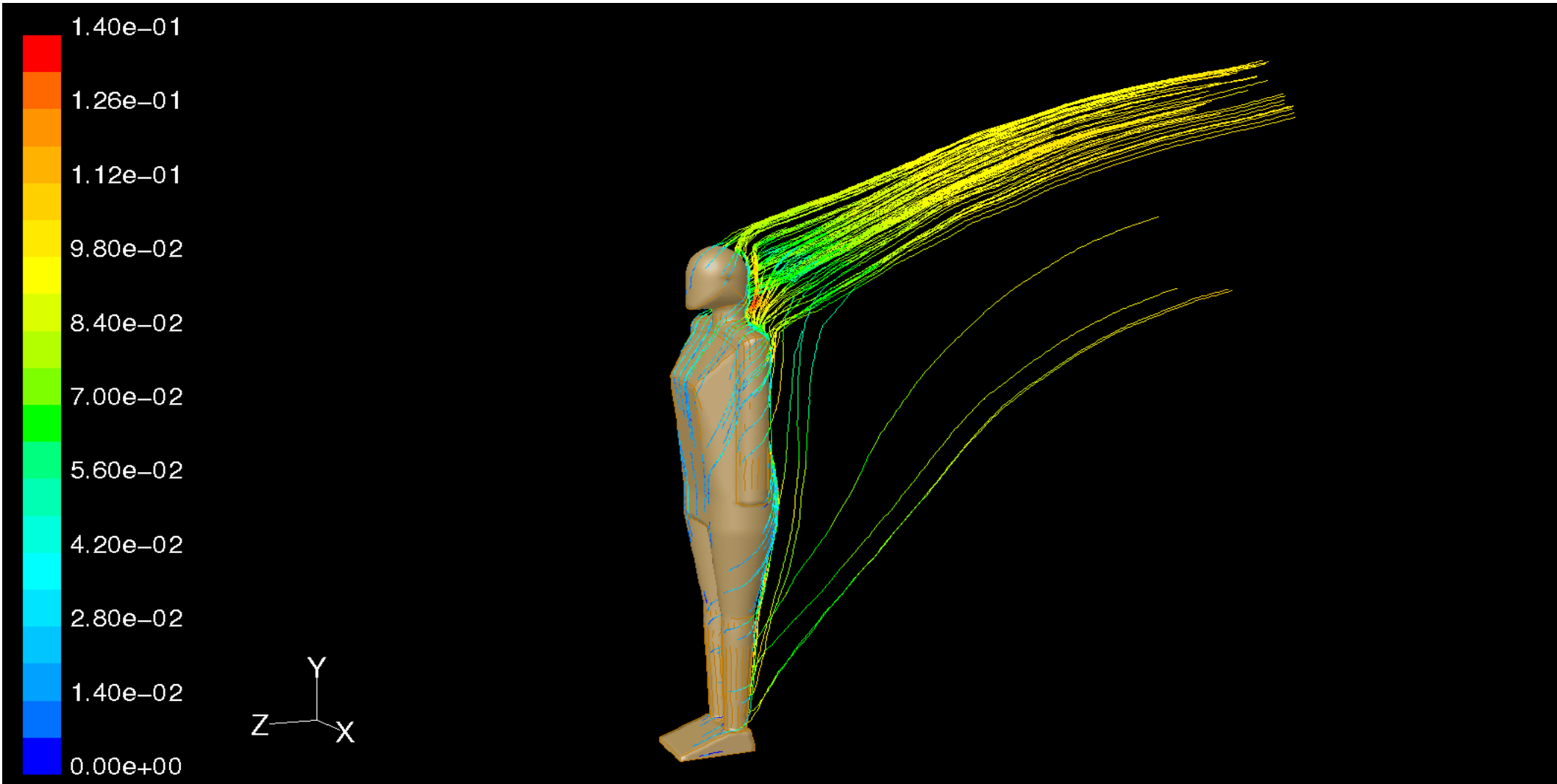
## Simulering af termiske mannequinner (2)



## Simulering af termiske mannequinner (3)



# Simulering af termiske mannequiner (4)



Path Lines Colored by Velocity Magnitude (m/s) (Time=1.5000e+00)

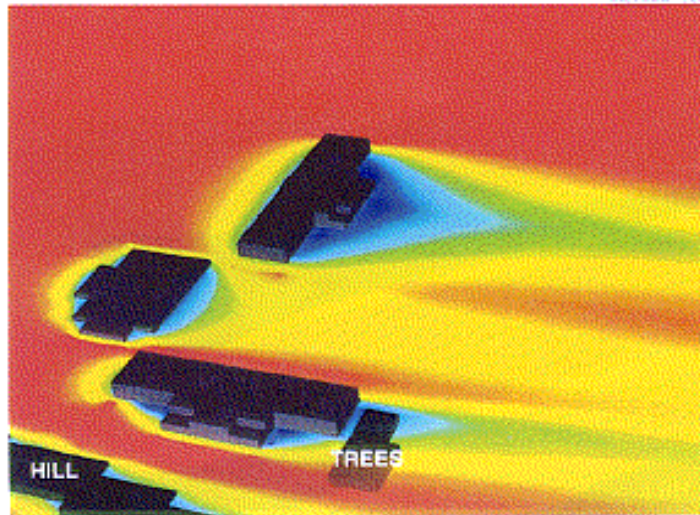
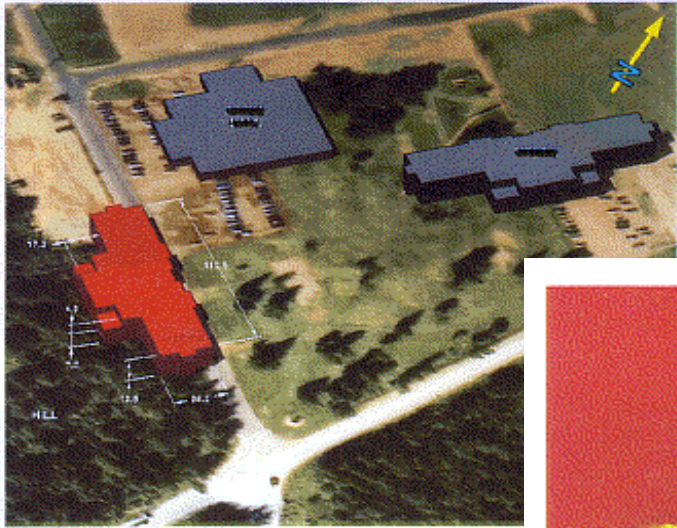
Aug 23, 2000  
FLUENT 5.3 (3d, segregated, LES, unsteady)

Kilde: Erik Bjørn

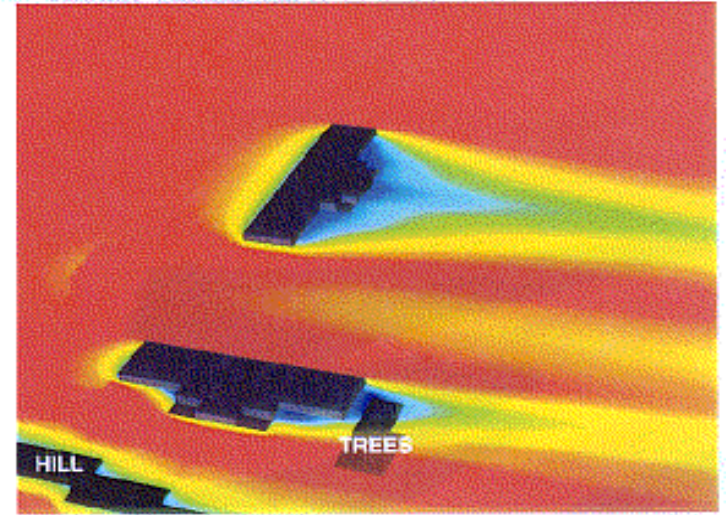




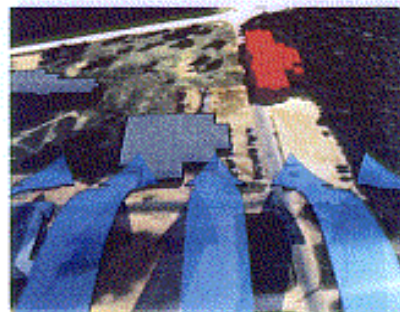
# Strømning omkring bygninger



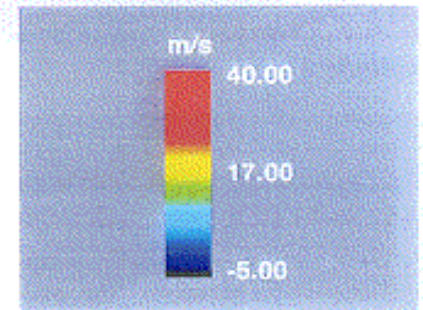
Altitude 2.0 m



Altitude 7.7 m



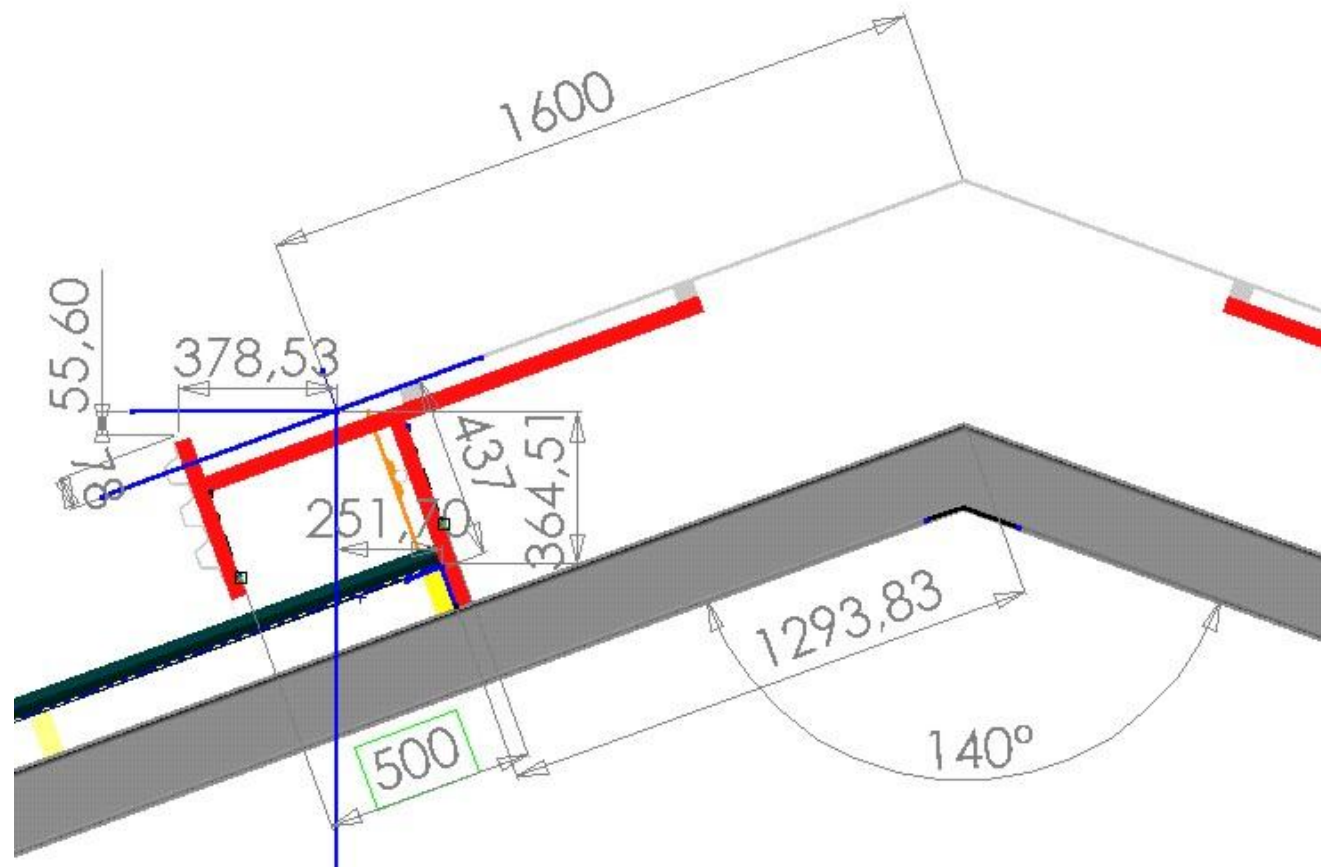
SOUTH WEST wind speed 23 m/s



Legend



## Strømning omkring bygninger - åbning i kip, staldbygning



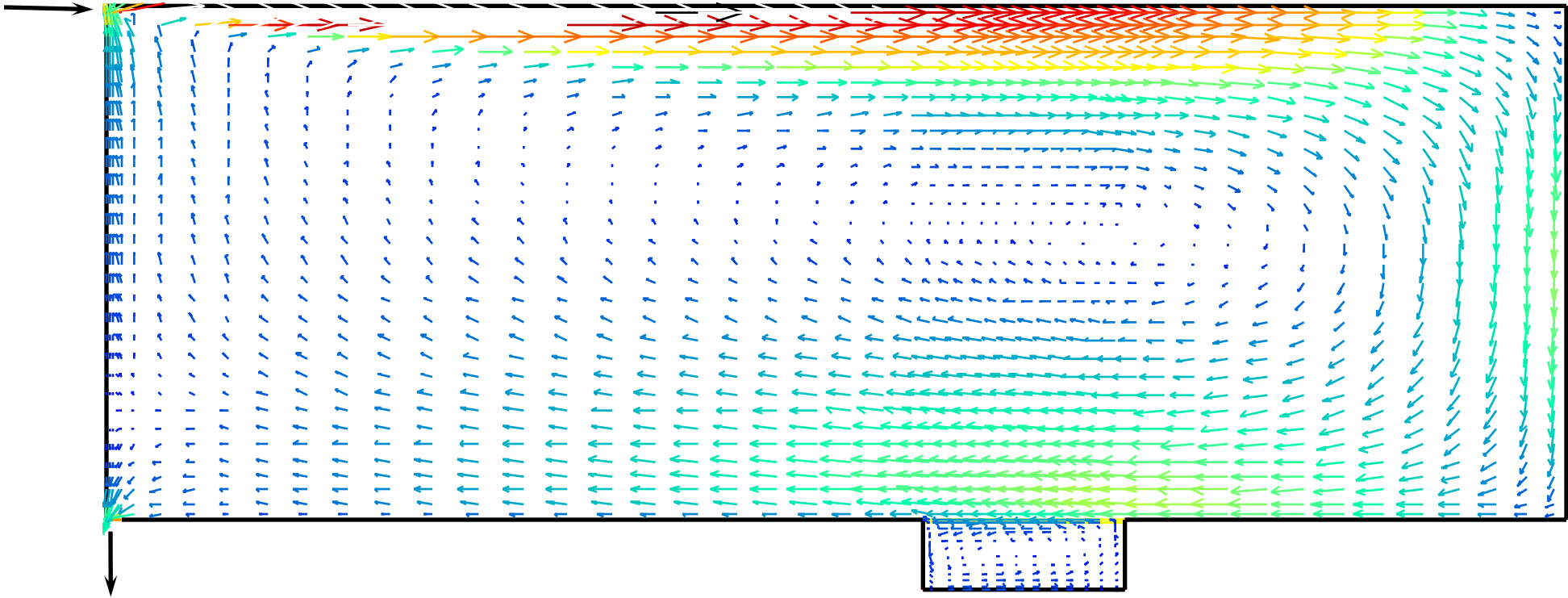


## Kyllingestald opført 1997

- gulvareal ca. 2000 m<sup>2</sup>
- 13 udsugningsventilatorer i taget
- samlet luftydelse 180.000 m<sup>3</sup>/h

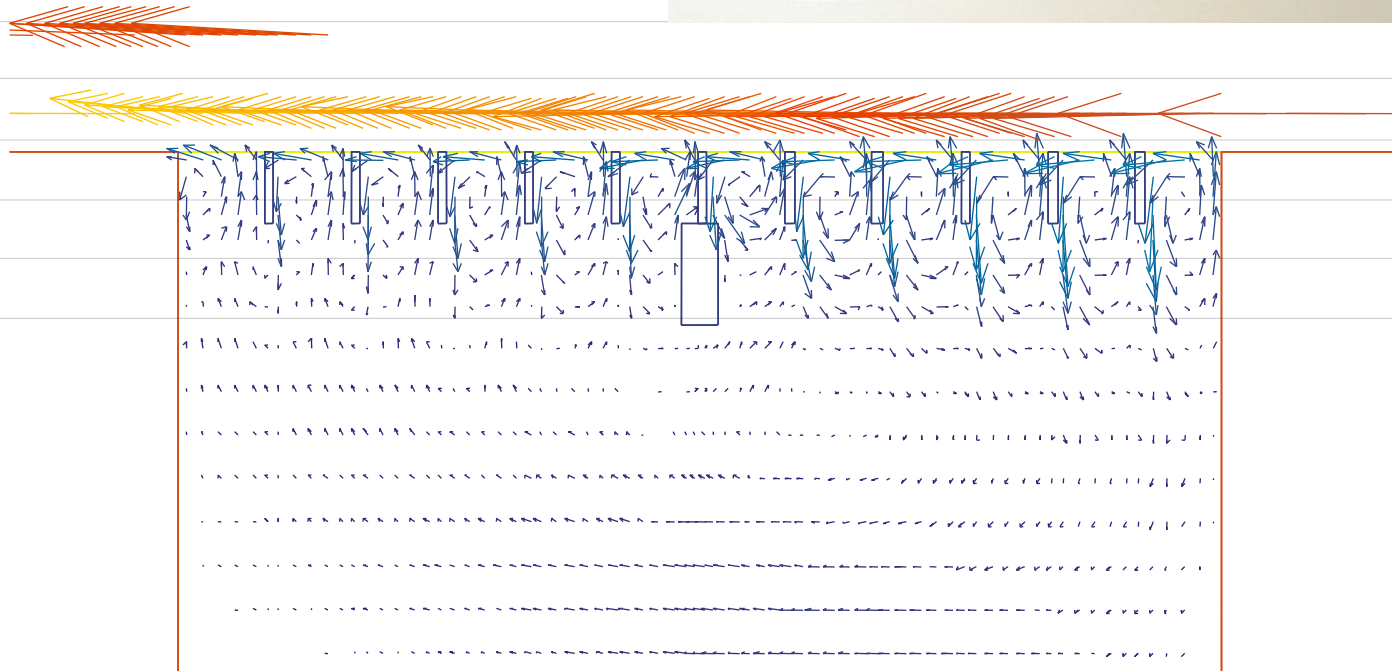


Luftindtag i ydervæg



Computersimulering af strømningsforhold.  
Laboratorieopstilling med spaltegulv over gyllekanal.

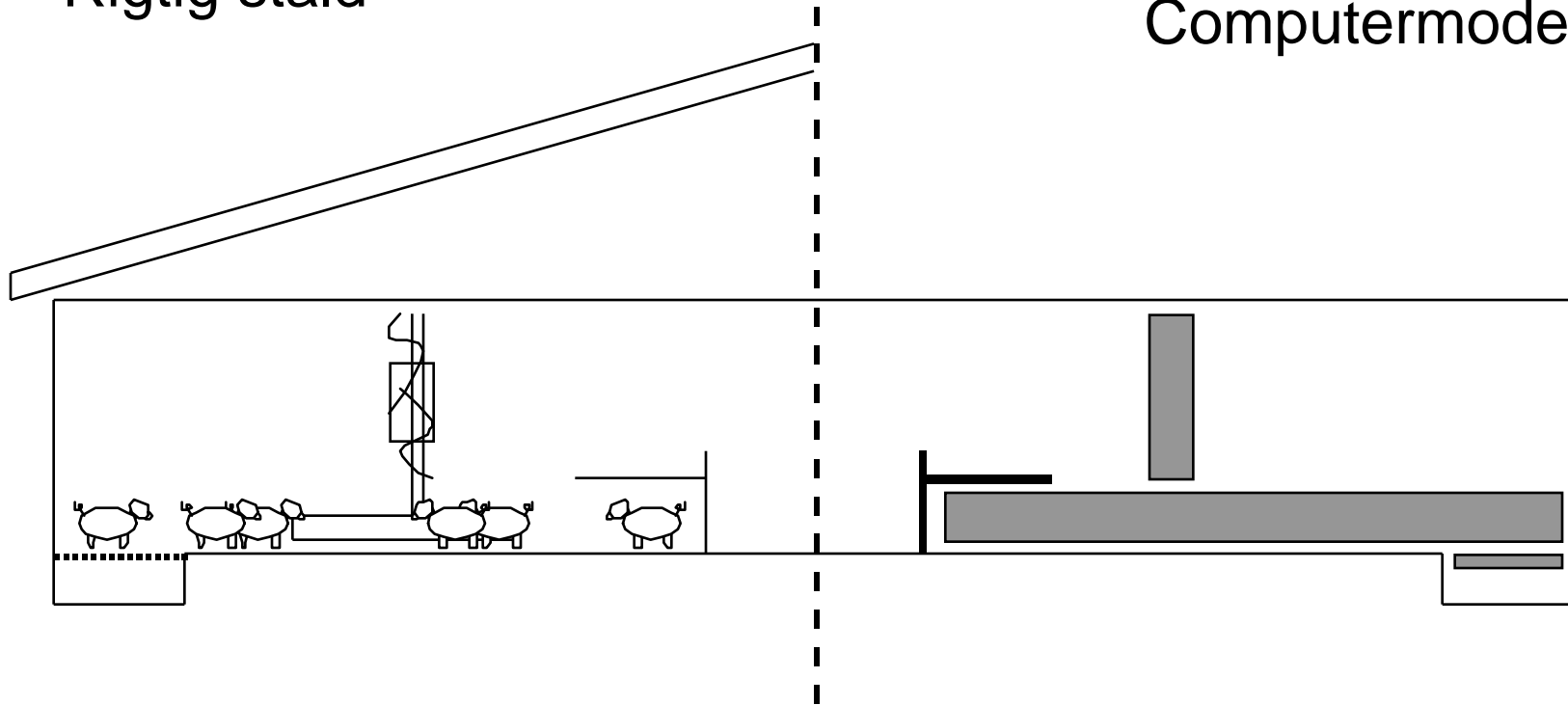
# Detaljer af spaltegulv og beregnede strømningsforhold





Rigtig stald

Computermode



Elementer med en kompliceret geometri ønskes beskrevet som mere enkle elementer af hensyn til computerkraften